

# Seminário de sistemas dinâmicos e estocásticos

Departamento de Matemática - IMECC - UNICAMP

## Conditions to the existence of center-focus in planar systems and center for Abel equations

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### Resumo:

Abel equations of the form  $x'(t) = f(t)x^3(t) + g(t)x^2(t)$ ,  $t \in [a, a]$ , where  $a > 0$  is a constant,  $f$  and  $g$  are continuous functions, are of interest because of their close relation to planar vector fields. If  $f$  and  $g$  are odd functions we prove that the Abel equation has a center at the origin. We also consider a class of polynomial differential equations  $\dot{x} = -y + P_n(x, y)$  and  $\dot{y} = x + Q_n(x, y)$ , where  $P_n$  and  $Q_n$  are homogeneous polynomials of degree  $n$ . Using the results obtained for Abels equation we obtain a new subclass of systems having a center and another subclass having a focus at the origin.

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